

Regression :-

X on Y :- $x_c = a + by$

Y on X :- $y_c = a + bx$

Regression Equation of X on Y

$$x - \bar{x} = r \frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_y} (y - \bar{y})$$

Y on X :-

$$y - \bar{y} = r \frac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x} (x - \bar{x})$$

⑧ X and Y are random variable

X is random variable Y is fixed variable.

⑨ The range of relationship lies between -1 and +1

Regression value is an absolute figure.

⑩ Relationship between two are more variable

It is a mathematical measure showing the average relationship between variables.

⑪ What are the various methods of regression?

* Graphic methods.

* Algebraic method.

Graphic methods :-

Under this method data are plotted on a Graphic Paper representing Per of values of the

$$(A \cup B)' = A' \cap B'$$

Given Variable having a linear relationship.
 The Independent Variable is taken in X axis
 and dependent Variable Y axis.

$$x \text{ on } y :- y_c = a + bx$$

$$y \text{ on } x :- x_c = a + by$$

Algebraic methods :-

Regression equation is an algebraic method.

It's an algebraic expression of regression line.

$$x \text{ on } y = \frac{4}{5} \text{ formula}$$

Find the regression line by using actual mean.

X	3	5	6	8	9	11
Y	2	3	4	6	5	10

X	$x - \bar{x}$	x^2	Y	$y - \bar{y}$	y^2	xy
3	-4	16	2	-3	9	12
5	-2	4	3	-2	4	10
6	-1	1	4	-1	1	6
8	+1	1	6	+1	1	8
9	+2	4	5	0	0	0
11	+4	16	10	+5	25	20
42	0	42	30	0	40	38

$$N = 6$$

$$\bar{x} = 7$$

$$\bar{y} = 5$$

$$2x^2 = 42$$

$$3y^2 = 40$$

$$2xy = 38$$

$$\bar{x} - \bar{x} = r \frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_y} (y - \bar{y})$$

$$r = \frac{2xy}{2y^2} = \frac{38}{40} = 0.95$$

$$x - 7 = 0.95 (y - 5)$$

$$x - 7 = 0.95y - 4.75 + 7$$

$$x = 0.95y - 4.75 + 7$$

$$\boxed{x = 0.95y + 2.25}$$